

Computing at Kenton Primary School



Our Golden Threads



Computing Intent

'A computer is like a violin; you can imagine it making beautiful music but you have to learn how to play it'.' Bill Gates

At Kenton Primary School, our intent is to provide an aspirational computing curriculum that equips our children with the knowledge and skills needed to thrive in a digital world. We aim to inspire our children to become active and responsible participants in the digital society, promoting creativity, problem-solving, and critical thinking through the use of technology. Our computing curriculum is designed to ensure that pupils develop a solid foundation in computational thinking, information technology, and digital literacy, enabling them to excel in their future education and career prospects.

Computing Implementation

Our computing curriculum follows the National Curriculum guidelines, incorporating the three main strands of computational thinking, information technology, and digital literacy. We use the 'Teach Computing curriculum' to support teachers with subject knowledge and lesson sequences for Computing. Our curriculum is carefully sequenced, progressive, and spiral, building upon prior knowledge and skills while ensuring challenging and engaging learning experiences for all our pupils.

We provide a stimulating and safe learning environment with well-equipped computing facilities. We have a class set of laptops and also provide a range of digital devices, such as tablets and programmable robots, to enhance learning opportunities across the curriculum.

Computing is integrated into our wider curriculum, providing meaningful and purposeful opportunities for pupils to apply their computing skills in real-life contexts. We use Seesaw regularly as an online learning platform for children to share their learning with their families, on this platform children record and annotate learning as well as learning to edit what they present. We collaborate with other subject areas to ensure cross-curricular links are made, promoting a holistic and well-rounded learning experience.

Computing Impact

Our computing provision has a positive impact on pupil standards and achievement. Pupils make excellent progress in their computing skills, knowledge, and understanding throughout their primary school journey. We track their progress regularly, setting high expectations. Pupils leave Kenton with a solid foundation in computing, ready for the demands of the next stage of their education.

Our rich and engaging curriculum inspires and motivates pupils to become active participants in their own learning. Through collaborative activities, problem-solving tasks, and open-ended projects, pupils develop creativity, critical thinking, and resilience. They learn how to work independently and as part of a team, applying their computing skills in innovative and imaginative ways.

We place a strong emphasis on developing pupils' digital literacy skills and responsible online behaviour. Pupils are taught about online safety, cybersecurity, and the potential risks associated with digital technologies. They learn how to evaluate online information critically and ethically, becoming discerning users of technology. Pupils leave Kenton equipped with the knowledge and skills to navigate the digital world safely and responsibly.

Units for curriculum planning

<u>Key Stage 1</u>

Cycle A

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Marvellous Me/ Regal	Paws, Claws and	Amazing Adventures	Dazzling Dragons	The Great fire of London	Beachcombers
Royals	Whiskers				
Computing syste	ms and networks	Creatin	g Media	Data and i	nformation
		(Art	links)	(Maths – statistics links)	
Technology around us	Information technology	Digital Painting	Digital photography	Grouping data	Pictograms
1.1	around us	1.2	2.2	1.4	2.4
	2.1				
Recognising technology	Identifying IT and how its	Choosing appropriate	Digital photography	Exploring object labels,	Collecting data in tally
in school and using it	responsible use improves	tools in a program to	Capturing and changing	then using them to sort	charts and using
responsibly	our world in school and	create art, and making	digital photographs for	and group objects by	attributes to organise
	beyond	comparisons with	different purposes.	properties	and present data on a
		working non-digitally			computer
2 lessons	2 lessons	3 lessons	3 Lessons	4 Lessons	4 Lessons
L1- 1(starter)2&3	All unplugged	L1- 1.2	L1- 1(starter) 2.3	L1-1 (unplugged)	L1- 1.2 (teacher led)
L2- 4,5,6	L1- 1,2,3	L2- 3,4	L2-4,5	L2- 2, 3	L2- 3
	L2- 4,5,6	L3- 5,6	L3- 6 (unplugged)	L3- 4,5	L3- 4,5
				L4- 6	L4- 6
(Band 1) Recognise	(Band 2) Recognise	(Band 1) Use technology p	urposefully to create digital	(Band 2) Use technolog	y purposefully to create,
common uses of	common uses of	content		organise, store, manipu	llate and retrieve digital
information technology	information technology			con	tent
in the home and school	beyond school				
environment					

(Band 1) Understand where to go for help and support when he/she has concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies

(Band2) Use technology safely and keep personal information private

Cycle B

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Creat (Writing li	ing Media nk, Music Link)	Programming A		Programming B		
Digital Writing 1.5	Making Music 2.5	Moving a robot 1.3	Robot algorithms 2.3	Programming animations 1.6	Programming quizzes 2.6	
Using a computer to create and format text, before comparing to writing non- digitally	Using a computer as a tool to explore rhythms and melodies, before creating a musical composition.	Writing short algorithms and programs for floor robots, and predicting program outcomes.	Creating and debugging programs, and using logical reasoning to make predictions.	Designing and programming the movement of a character on screen to tell stories.	Designing algorithms and programs that use events to trigger sequences of code to make an interactive quiz	
3 Lessons	3 Lessons	3 Lessons	4 Lessons	3 Lessons	5 lessons	
L1- 1 (starter), 2	L1- Starter 1, 2, 3	L1- 1	L1- unplugged- 1	L1- 1,2,3	L1- 1,2	
L2- 3,4	L2- 4,5	L2- 2,3,4	(starter),2,3-	L2- 4,5	L2- 3	
L3- 5,6	L3- 6	L3- 5,6	L2- 4	L3- 6	L3- 4	
			L3- 5		L4- 5	
			L4- 6		L5- 6	
(Band 2)- Use tech create digital co benefits of d	nology purposefully to ontent comparing the ifferent programs	 (Band 1) Predict the behaviour of simple programs (Band 2) Understand that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions 	 (Band 2) Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs (Band 2) Create and debug simple programs 	(Band 1) Understand what algorithms are and how they are implemented on digital devices (Band 2) Debug simple programs by using logical reasoning to predict the actions instructed by the code	(Band 2) Create simple programs	

(Band 1) Understand where to go for help and support when he/she has concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies

(Band2) Use technology safely and keep personal information private

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Stone Age to Iron Age	Around the World	Stone Age to Iron Age	Costa Rica	The Victorians	Raging Rivers	
Computing systems and networks		Creating Media		Data and information		
		Please note- could be do	ne as a day or outcome to	(maths-	statistics	
		present in	formation	(NB- potential for So	(NB- potential for Science/ data analysis)	
Connecting computers	The internet	Stop-frame animation	Audio editing	Branching databases	Data logging	
3.1	4.1	3.2	4.2	3.4	4.4	
Identifying that digital	Recognising the internet	Capturing and editing	Capturing and editing	Building and using	Recognising how and why	
devices have inputs,	as a network of networks	digital still images to	audio to produce a	branching databases to	data is collected over	
processes, and outputs,	including the WWW, and	produce a stop-frame	podcast, ensuring that	group objects using	time, before using data	
and how devices can be	why we should evaluate	animation that tells a	copyright is considered.	yes/no questions.	loggers to carry out an	
connected to make	online content.	story			investigation.	
networks.						
4 Lessons	3 Lessons	3 Lessons	5 Lessons	3 Lessons	4 Lessons	
L1- 1,2	L1- 1,2	L1- 1 (teacher modelled	L1- 1,2	L1- 1 (starter), 2,3-	L1- Unplugged (maths	
L2- 2,3	L2- 3,4	starter- youtube clip),2	L2- 3	unplugged	link)	
L3- 4	L3- 5,6	L2- 4 (skip 3- prepare	L3- 4	L2- 4	L2- 2, 3	
L4- 5,6		examples)	L4- 5	L3- 5,6	L3- 4,5	
		L3- 5,6	L5- 6		L4- 6	
Band3- Use simple search	Band 3-Understand that	Band 4- With support se	elect and use a variety of	Band3- With support se	elect and use a variety of	
technologies	the internet is a large	software on a rang	ge of digital devices	software to ac	complish goals	
Band 3- Use simple	network of computers					
search technologies and	and that information can					
recognise that some	be shared between					
sources are more reliable	computers					
than others						

Lower Key Stage 2 Cycle A

(Band 4) Understand	(Band 4) Understand how
what servers are and how	results are selected and
they provide services to a	ranked by search engines
network	

Band 3- Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; Use technology safely and recognise acceptable and unacceptable behaviour Band 4- Use technology responsibly and understand that communication online may be seen by others; Understand where to go for help and support when he/she has concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Creating Media		Programming A1 and B1		Programming A2 and B 2	
Desktop publishing	Photo editing	Sequencing sounds	Events and actions in	Repetition in shapes	Repetition in games
3.5	3.6	3.3	programs 3.6	4.3	4.6
Creating documents by modifying text images and	Manipulating digital	Creating sequences in a block-based	Writing algorithms and	Using a text-based	Using a block-based
page layouts for a specified	the impact of changes and	programming language to	programs that use a range	language to explore	to explore count-
purpose.	whether the required purpose is fulfilled	make music.	of events to trigger sequences of actions	count-controlled loops when drawing shapes	controlled and infinite loops when creating a
Could use as a tool to present information from a wider unit	PSHE link- self-image				game
2 Lessons	4 Lessons	4 Lessons	4 Lessons	6 Lessons	5 Lessons
L1- 1(starter), 2	L1- 1,2	L1- 1(starter), 2	L1- 1	L1-1	L1-1,2
L2- 3(starter), 4,5	L2- 3,4	L2- 3,4	L2- 2,3	L2-2	L2-3
Optional L3- 6	L3- 5	L3-5	L3- 4,5	L3-3	L3-4
	L4- 6	L4- 6	L4- 6	L4-4	L4-5
				L5-5	L5-6
				L6- 6	

Cycle B

(Band 3) Design, write and debug programs that control or simulate virtual events	(Band 3) Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms	(Band 4) Decompose programs into smaller parts	(Band 4) Use logical reasoning to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs
(Band 4) Select, use and combine a variety of software, systems and content that accomplish given goals	work		

Band 3- Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private

Band 3- Use technology safely and recognise acceptable and unacceptable behaviour

Band 4- Use technology responsibly and understand that communication online may be seen by others

Band 4- Understand where to go for help and support when he/she has concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies

Upper Key Stage 2

Cycle A

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Mighty Mayans	South America	Ancient Greeks	From Greenland to	Keep Calm and Carry on	Rising Tides
			Panama		-
Computing syste	ms and networks	Creating	g Media	Data and ir	nformation
Sharing information	Internet communication	Video editing	Webpage creation	Flat-file databases	Introduction to
5.1	6.2	5.2	6.2	5.4	spreadsheets
					6.4
Identifying and exploring	Recognising how the	Planning, capturing, and	Designing and creating	Using a database to order	Answering questions by
how information is	WWW can be used to	editing video to produce	webpages, giving	data and create charts to	using spreadsheets to
shared between digital	communicate and be	a short film	consideration to	answer questions.	organise and calculate
systems.	searched to find		copyright, aesthetics, and		data.
	information.		navigation.	History, Geography and	
				Maths Links	

3 Lessons	4 Lessons	4 lessons	3 Lessons	5 Lessons	5 Lessons
L1- 1,2	L1- 1	L1- 1,2	L1- 1, 2- UNPLUGGED	L1- 1	L1- 1,2
L2- 3,4	L2- 2	L2- 3,4	L2- 3(starter), 4	L2- 2,3	L2- 3
L3- 5,6 (1/2 unplugged)	L3- 3,4	L3- 5	L3- 5,6	L3-4	L3-4
	L4- 5,6	L4-6		L4-5	L4-5
				L5-6	L5- 6
 (Band 5) Begin to use intertransfer data to a third part (Band 5) Use filters in sear and is discerning when ever (Band 6) Understand how computers to communicate (Band 6) Be discerning whether the transfer of the	ernet services to share and arty rch technologies effectively(rch technologies effectively valuating digital content v computer networks enable ate and collaborate nen evaluating digital content	 (Band 5) Independently s variety of software to des given audience (Band 6) Independently s variety of software to des given audience, including evaluating and presenting (Band 5) Use filters in sea and appreciates how resu (Band 6)- Begin to use into own creations to share ar party 	elect, use and combine a sign and create content for a elect, use and combine a sign and create content for a collecting, analysing, g data and information irch technologies effectively ults are selected and ranked ternet services within his/her and transfer data to a third	 (Band 5) Independently appropriate software f (Band 6)- Independent a variety of software to and present data and i 	y select and use for a task ly select, use and combine o collect, analyse, evaluate nformation

(Band 5) Understand the need to only select age appropriate content; (Band 6) Use technology respectfully and responsibly

(Band 6) Identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact in and out of school

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Creatin	g Media	Programming A1 and B1		Programmir	Programming A2 and B2	
Art link	r, DT link					
Vector drawing	3D modelling	Selection in physical	Selection in quizzes	Variables in games	Sensing	
5.5	6.5	computing	5.6	6.3	6.6	
		5.3				
Creating images in a	Planning, developing,		Exploring selection in	Exploring variables when	Designing and coding a	
drawing program by	and evaluating 3D	Exploring conditions and	programming to design	designing and coding a	project that captures	
using layers and groups	computer models of	selection using a	and code an interactive	game	inputs from a physical	
of objects	physical objects.	programmable	quiz.		device	
		microcontroller				

Cycle B

4 Lessons	4 Lessons	4 Lessons	5 Lessons	6 Lessons	6 Lessons
L1- 1,2	L1- 1,2	L1-1,2	L1-1,2	L1-1	L1-1
L2- 3,4	L2-3	L2 -3,4	L2-3	L2-2	L2-2
L3- 5	L3-4	L3- 5	L3-4	L3-3	L3-3
L4- 6	L4- 5,6	L4-6	L4-5	L4-4	L4-4
			L5-6	L5-5	L5-5
				L6-6	L6-6
Band 6 Design and crea systems and content	ite a range of programs,	 Band 5- Design, input a complex set of instruct device Band 5- Design write an with opportunities for s particular result will ha situations controlled by Band 5- Use logical reasingly complex al program's efficiency Band 6- Include use of s repetition with the har world systems Band 6- Solves problem into smaller parts 	ind test an increasingly ions to a program or nd test simple programs selection, where a ppen based on actions or y the user soning to explain how gorithms work to ensure a sequences, selection and dware used to explore real ns by decomposing them	 Band 6 Create program Band 6- Use variables, sepetition in programs Band 6- Use logical increasingly completed detect and correct programs efficientl Band 5- Design, wr that accomplish sp controlling or simu Band 5- Design, wr programs that followinstructions or allow be repeated 	is which use variables sequence, selection, and reasoning to explain how ex algorithms work and to errors in algorithms and y ite and debug programs ecific goals, including lating physical systems ite and test simple ow a sequence of w a set of instructions to

(Band 5) Understand the need to only select age appropriate content; (Band 6) Use technology respectfully and responsibly

(Band 6) Identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact in and out of school

Term	Key Stage	Definition
Algorithm	1&2	A precise set of ordered steps that can be followed by a human and implemented on a computer to achieve a task
Attribute (property)	1&2	A word or a phrase that can be used to describe an object such as its colour, size, or price
Browser	2	SEE: Web browser
Code	1&2	The commands that a computer can run
Code snippet	1&2	A section of a program viewed in isolation
Command	1&2	A single instruction that can be used in a program to control a computer
Computer	1&2	A programmable machine that accepts and processes inputs and produces outputs (input, process, output; IPO)

Term	Key Stage	Definition
Computer network	2	A group of interconnected computing devices
Computer system	2	A combination of hardware and software that can have data input to it, which it then processes and outputs . It can be programmed to perform a variety of tasks.
Condition	2	A statement that can be either True or False
Condition-controlled loop	2	SEE: Loop (condition-controlled)
Count-controlled loop	2	SEE: Loop (count-controlled)
Data	1&2	A letter, word, number etc. that has been collected for a purpose, but stored without context
Data set	2	A collection of related data

Term	Key Stage	Definition
Debugging	1&2	The process of finding and correcting errors in a program
Decompose	2	To break down a task into smaller, more achievable steps
Digital device	2	A computer or a device with a computer inside that has been programmed for a specific task
Domain name	2	The part of a website 's URL that is user friendly and identifies that it is under the control of a particular person or organisation e.g. raspberrypi.org
Execute (run)	2	SEE: Run
Hardware	2	The physical parts of a computer system
HTML (HyperText Markup Language)	2	A standardised language used to define the structure of web pages

Term	Key Stage	Definition
Hyperlink	2	(Also: link, weblink) Text or media that when clicked, takes the user to another specified location (URL)
Infinite loop	2	SEE: Loop (infinite)
Information	1&2	Data put into a context that provides meaning
Information technology	1	The study, use, and development of computer systems for storing, processing, retrieving, and sending information
Input	2	Data that is sent to a program to be processed
Input device	2	A piece of hardware used to control, or send data to, a computer
Internet	2	The global system of interconnected computer networks

Term	Key Stage	Definition
Loop	2	(Count-controlled , condition-controlled , or infinite) Commands that repeatedly run a defined section of code
Loop (condition- controlled)	2	A command that repeatedly runs a defined section of code until a condition is met
Loop (count-controlled)	2	A command that repeatedly runs a defined section of code a predefined number of times
Loop (infinite)	2	A command that repeatedly runs a defined section of code indefinitely
Network	2	SEE: Computer network
Object	1	Something that can be named and has other attributes (properties), which can be labelled
Object	2	Something that is uniquely identifiable and has attributes

Term	Key Stage	Definition
Output	2	The result of data processed by a computer
Output device	2	A piece of hardware that is controlled by outputs from a computer
Procedure	2	A named set of commands that can be called multiple times throughout a program . This type of subroutine does not return a value.
Process	2	A program , or part of a program , that is running on a computer
Program	1&2	A set of ordered commands that can be run by a computer to complete a task
Property (attribute)	1	A word or a phrase that can be used to describe an object such as its colour, size, or price
Repetition	2	Part of a program where one or more commands are run multiple times in a loop

Term	Key Stage	Definition
Router	2	A device that manages the flow of data between computer networks
Run (execute)	1&2	To action the commands in a program
Selection	2	Part of a program where if a condition is met, then a set of commands is run
Server	2	A networked computer that manages, stores, and provides data such as files to other computers
Software	2	The programs used to control computers and perform specific tasks
Stored (data)	2	Data kept digitally so that it can be accessed by a computer
Subroutine	2	A named sequence of commands designed to perform a specific task
Switch (network switch)	2	A device that manages the flow of data packets within a computer network

Term	Key Stage	Definition
Technology	1	The use of scientific knowledge for practical purposes
URL (Uniform Resource Locator)	2	The address of a file on the internet
Variable	2	A named piece of data (often a number or text) stored in a computer's memory, which can be accessed and changed by a computer program
Web	2	SEE: WWW (World Wide Web)
Web address	2	SEE: URL (Uniform Resource Locator)
Web browser	2	A program used to view, navigate, and interact with web pages
Web page	2	A HTML document viewed using a web browser

Term	Key Stage	Definition
Website	2	A collection of interlinked web pages , stored under a single domain
WiFi	2	A technology that allows devices to wirelessly access a network and transfer data
WAP (Wireless Access Point)	2	A network device that allows wireless computing devices to connect to a wired network
WWW (World Wide Web)	2	A service provided via the internet that allows access to web pages and other shared files